



**Programme Outcomes, Programme Specific Outcomes and Course Outcomes
Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)**

Semester VI: Statistical Techniques: DC XV A

Code: 646506

Programme Outcomes (POs) of B.A.

After completion of B.A. programme the students are expected to develop the qualities required for future, personal and professional life.

- PO 1: To create awareness about human values
- PO 2: To develop sense of social responsibility
- PO 3: To imbibe the concept of sustainable development
- PO 4: To prepare students to be global citizens
- PO 5: To develop ability to use, analyze and communicate knowledge
- PO 6: To develop ability to analyze critically
- PO 7: To enhance learning and professional preparations
- PO 8: To develop employability skills

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) of B.A. Economics

- PSO 1: Develop to explain core economic terms, concepts and theories.
- PSO 2: Develop ability of economic way of thinking in day to day decisions.
- PSO 3: Create awareness to analyze historical and current events from an economic perspective.
- PSO 4: Recognize role of ethical values in economic decisions.
- PSO 5: Apply oral and written communication skills.
- PSO 6: Develop ability to collect process and interpret data.
- PSO 7: Develop awareness of career choices for undergraduate programme of B. A. Economics like competitive examinations in banking and insurance, MPSC, UPSC, MBA, etc.

Course Outcomes (COs)

On completion of the course, students are able to:

- Understand interrelationship between statistics and social sciences.
- Understand basic concepts and different techniques in statistics used to analyze economic problems.
- Know and apply the measures of central tendency in practice with their merits and demerits.
- Know and apply the measures of dispersion in practice with their merits and demerits.
- Understand the concept, types and methods of correlation with their merits and demerits.
- Understand the concept, types and methods of regression with their merits and demerits.
- Understand the concept and components of time series analysis.
- Determine straight line secular trend of a time series data by using moving average and least square methods with graphical representation.